## **ERECTILE DYSFUNCTION QUESTIONAIRRE**

This patient self-assessment questionnaire can help your patients determine if they suffer from ED. Over the past 6 months:

1. How would you rate your confidence in your ability to get and keep an erection?	
_ _ _	Very Low – if you selected this add 1 to your score Low – if you selected this add 2 to your score Moderate – if you selected this add 3 to your score High – if you selected this add 4 to your score Very High – if you selected this add 5 to your score
2. When you had erections with sexual stimulation, how often were your erections hard enough for penetration (entering your partner)?	
	Most times (much more than half the time) – if you selected this add 4 to your score
3. During sexual intercourse, how often were you able to maintain your erection after you had penetrated (entered) your partner?	
_ _ _	Did not attempt intercourse— if you selected this add 0 to your score Almost never/never— if you selected this add 1 to your score A few times (much less than half the time) — if you selected this add 2 to your score Sometimes (about half the time) — if you selected this add 3 to your score Most times (much more than half the time) — if you selected this add 4 to your score Almost always/always— if you selected this add 5 to your score
4. During sexual intercourse, how difficult was it to maintain your erection to completion of intercourse?	
5. When you attempted sexual intercourse, how often was it satisfactory for you?	
_ 	Almost never/never— if you selected this add 1 to your score A few times (much less than half the time) — if you selected this add 2 to your score

## Now total your score.

## My ED Score is \_\_\_\_\_.

If you scored 0: Y may have complete ED.

If you scored 5: You may have moderate ED.

If you scored 16: You may have mild ED.

If you scored 22: Your score suggests you have none of the symptoms associated with erectile difficulties. If, however, you are still concerned you should talk to your doctor.

Perhaps your result simply confirms suspicions you've had for some time now. Or maybe this is the first time you have really considered the fact that you may have ED. Either way, you're now armed with some very important information. Here are some ways to put that information to work

## **Positive Next Steps**

- Speak with your doctor. This step is crucial. Your doctor is not only a
  valuable source for reliable information on ED, but also the person who
  can get you the treatment you need. Of course, talking about ED even to
  your doctor is never easy. But it's important to remember that you're not
  the only one affected by ED. Your doctor probably gets the same
  questions you have from other patients every day.
- Speak to your partner. If you've been living with ED for some time now, it's more than likely your partner has noticed the changes you've been coping with. This is the perfect time to open the lines of communication. It only makes sense to let your partner know what you now know that you may have ED, a condition shared by millions of Canadian men and that there is treatment available.
- ED may be a marker for underlying cardiovascular disease and diabetes. Now is the time to focus on reducing your cardiovascular risk through diet, exercise, smoking cessation and appropriate medications.